an outward angulation <u>relative to said axis AL</u> to provide lateral stability and enhanced traction through the plane of a golf swing.

(Twice Amended) The cleat defined in Claim 1 wherein said inner face has a peripheral edge spaced from said shoe mounting member and an anti-debris ring formed integrally with said body member and projecting from said inner face.

5. (Amended) A golf shoe cleat comprising a body member having a dome-shaped outer face and a planar inner face, a shoe attaching member projecting outwardly from said inner face having an axis AL perpendicular to said planar inner face, an annular anti-debris ring formed on the edge of said planar inner face,

a plurality of shaped <u>traction</u> teeth projecting around the perimeter of said main body member, each <u>traction</u> tooth having an <u>outer traction</u> tooth <u>surface</u>, each said outer traction tooth <u>surface having an</u> outward [angle] <u>angulation relative to said axis</u> <u>AL</u> to provide lateral stability and traction through the plane of a golf swing.

11.\ (Twice Amended) A sports shoe cleat comprising

a body member having an outer face and an inner face,

a mounting member projecting outwardly from said inner face and having an axis AL perpendicular to said inner face,

a plurality of perimeter traction teeth projecting around the perimeter of said outer face wherein each perimeter traction tooth has an axial line ALT and an outer tooth surface which [is] are angled outward relative to said axis AL to provide lateral stability and enhanced traction.

15. (Twice Amended) A golf shoe cleat comprising a main body member having a dome-shaped outer face and a planar inner face,

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